

Result certificate #290763

Detection of c.1006_1019del mutation in ABHD5 gene causing ichthyosis 2 in Golden Retrievers

Customer: Dušan Kollárik, Belá 33, 03811 Belá-Dulice, Slovak Republic Sample: Sample: 25-05401 Date received: 04.03.2025 Sample type: buccal swab

Information provided by the customer Name: Heidi Bella Aurea Breed: Golden Retriever Microchip: 941 000 026 557 633 Reg. number: SPKP 4826/24 Date of birth: 17.6.2023 Sex: female Date of sampling: 28.02.2025 The identity of the animal has been checked by MVDr. Juraj Chorváth, 0011

Result: Mutation was not detected (N/N)

Explanation

Presence or absence of c.1006_1019del mutation in ABHD5 gene causing ichthyosis 2 in Golden Retrievers breed was tested. The first symptoms of skin keratinisation begin to develop soon after birth. The degree of symptom expression varies between individuals – from an initial slight formation of light-coloured scales to the gradual formation of larger areas of dark scales. In some cases, secondary infections occur in the affected areas of the skin due to bacteria or fungi. Golden retrievers also have recessively inherited ichthyosis 1, which is caused by a mutation in the PNPLA1 gene.

Mutation that causes ichthyosis 2 is inherited as an autosomal recessive trait. That means the disease affects dogs with P/P (positive/positive) genotype only. The dogs with N/P (negative/positive) genotype are considered carriers of the disease (heterozygotes). In offspring of two heterozygous animals following genotype distribution can be expected: 25 % N/N (healthy non-carriers), 25 % P/P (affected), and 50 % N/P (healthy carriers).

Method: SOPAgriseq_canine, ngs, accredited method

Date of issue: 14.03.2025 Date of testing: 04.03.2025 - 14.03.2025 Approved by: Mgr. Markéta Dajbychová, Deputy Laboratory Manager



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